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APPLICATION ELEMENTS

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1. ☒ Fee Transmittal Form
2. ☒ Specification, Claims & Abstract [Total Pages: 38]
3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) [Total Sheets: 14]
4. ☒ Oath or Declaration [Total Pages: 4]
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APPLICATION FOR

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SPECIFICATION

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Title of the Invention: SLIDE SHOW SYSTEM AND METHOD USING
A BROWSER

Slide Show System and Method using a Browser

Background of the Invention

Field of the Invention

5 The present invention is related to a slide show system and its method for performing a slide show using screen information obtained by a browser, in a browser system which refers to an information network such as a WWW (World Wide Web) which is a currently
10 a main source of information on the Internet.

Description of the Related Art

 The Internet is realized by connecting a plurality of computers via a communication network. A world-
15 wide information network which is realized by the Internet is named a WWW system. Recently, as an amount of information transmission increases over the WWW system, various kinds of multi-media information have been provided on the Internet.

20 A page of the WWW (a web page) is a unit of the multi-media information to be provided on the WWW, and is composed of an HTML (HyperText Markup Language) document and related data which are stored in an arbitrary WWW server. The WWW server transmits this
25 web page to a browser provided on a WWW client

according to an HTTP (HyperText Transfer Protocol). The WWW browser displays the thus-received web page on a screen of the WWW client.

5 The web page generally can provide text information composed of character data, image information composed of graphic data, audio information, animation information or the like to a user by using the HTML. Therefore, here, the display of a web page includes not only the outputting of text
10 information or image information but also the outputting audio information, animation information or the like, which is included in the web page.

In order that a user accesses such information, it is necessary to input address information which
15 uniquely represents a server and an HTML document storing that information. This address information is composed of several character strings and is named a URL (Uniform Resource Locator).

However, it is difficult for a user to remember a
20 complicated URL composed of several tens of characters for a long time. Further, in a case where a predetermined page is required to be referred to many times, it is neither convenient nor effective to type this URL every time. Therefore, in order to easily
25 display a web page, a WWW browser is generally

provided with a function named a bookmark.

The bookmark function is to register a site which a user is fond of and a page which is frequently accessed, in a browser. The user first registers the URL of a page to be displayed as a bookmark. Then, at the time of accessing, the user displays a list of pages which are registered as bookmarks, and selects a desired page by clicking a mouse. Thus, the user can display his or her desired page without inputting a complicated URL.

Fig. 1 shows an example of a representative bookmark display screen. As shown in Fig. 1, a set of bookmarks 2 can be stored in a folder 1, and the bookmarks 2 are hierarchically managed.

In a folder "Lookup", bookmarks 2 such as "People" and "Yellow Pages" are registered. These bookmarks 2 are list-displayed by clicking the folder "Lookup". The user selects a desired page by double-clicking a line (an object) indicating the bookmark 2 such as "People" or the like so that he or she can display the desired page on a screen.

However, there arise the following problems about the above-mentioned conventional WWW browser:

Recently, as the functions of a portable personal computer become enhanced and its cost decreases, a lot

of presentations and conferences have taken place using such a personal computer. When such presentations or conferences take place, information of a web page is frequently displayed by connecting the personal computer to the Internet.

However, there are a lot of cases where time is greatly restricted when a presentation or a conference is taking place. Therefore, it is neither convenient nor effective to type the above-mentioned URL every time. Therefore, it is thought that the bookmark function is used as a method of quickly displaying a web page. However, this case also requires a lot of effort to display a list of bookmarks and to click the bookmark of a desired page each time, so that it takes a predetermined operation time period to display a page in a browser.

There is a case where a speaker explains pages changing some pages every few minutes according to the contents of a presentation. In this case, it is necessary to type a URL or select a bookmark whenever changing pages, so that a sufficient explanation cannot be given since the speaker spends a lot of time for operation of the browser system.

Summary of the invention

An object of the present invention is to provide a slide show system and method for easily and effectively displaying information of one or more web pages, thereby performing an effective slide show, when a presentation or a conference is taking place, in a browser system which refers to a WWW system.

The slide show system in a first aspect of the present invention includes a browser unit and a control unit.

The browser unit obtains information using address information defined on an information network and outputs the thus-obtained information. The control unit informs the address information to the browser unit according to a predetermined output sequence and instructs the output of information corresponding to the thus-informed address information.

Further, a program for causing a computer to perform a processing is stored in a storage medium in a second aspect of the present invention.

This processing includes a step of referring to a correspondence relationship between one or more pieces of address information defined on the information network and a sequence number representing a predetermined output sequence, and a step of informing the address information corresponding to the current

sequence number to the browser unit so that the output of information corresponding to the thus-informed address information is instructed.

Further, a program for causing a computer to perform a processing is stored in a storage medium in a third aspect of the present invention.

This processing includes a step of referring to a correspondence relationship between one or more pieces of address information defined on the information network and a sequence number representing a predetermined output sequence, a step of obtaining information using the address information corresponding to the current sequence number, and a step of outputting the thus-obtained information.

15

Brief Description of the Drawing:

Fig. 1 is a diagram showing a conventional bookmark display screen;

Fig. 2A is a principle diagram showing the slide show system according to the present invention;

Fig. 2B is a diagram showing the configuration of the slide show system;

Fig. 3 is a diagram showing a bookmark page;

Fig. 4 is a diagram showing a slide show screen;

Fig. 5 is a diagram showing a first operation

control parameter file;

Fig. 6 is a diagram showing a bookmark data file;

Fig. 7 is a flowchart showing display control processing;

5 Fig. 8 is a flowchart showing processing to be performed by a browser;

Fig. 9 is a flowchart showing first automatic processing;

10 Fig. 10 is a diagram showing a second operation control parameter file;

Fig. 11 is a flowchart showing second automatic processing;

Fig. 12 is a diagram showing the configuration of an information processing device; and

15 Fig. 13 is a diagram showing storage media.

Description of the Preferred Embodiments:

The preferred embodiments of the present invention will be explained in detail below with reference to
20 the drawings.

Fig. 2A is a principle diagram of the preferred embodiments of the present invention. The slide show system shown in Fig. 2A includes a browser unit 11 and a control unit 12.

25 The browser unit 11 obtains information using the

address information defined on an information network,
and outputs the thus-obtained information. The control
unit 12 informs the address information to the browser
unit 11 according to a predetermined output sequence,
5 and instructs the browser unit 11 to output
information corresponding to the thus-informed
information.

The address information defined on the information
network corresponds to, for example, the URL defined
10 on a WWW system. The information obtained using the
address information corresponds to, for example, the
multi-media information of a web page.

The output sequence of information is
predetermined by preparing a correspondence
15 relationship between one or more pieces of the address
information and a sequence number. The control unit
12 informs the address information corresponding to
the current sequence number to the browser unit 11,
according to this output sequence. Thus, the browser
20 unit 11 obtains information using the thus-informed
address information, and can output the thus-obtained
information.

When the current sequence number is updated, new
address information is informed from the control unit
25 12 to the browser unit 11, and new information is

outputted. By repeating these operations, information of web pages to be outputted is sequentially updated so that a slide show can be performed by using the web pages.

5 According to this slide show system, the control unit 12 informs the address information to the browser unit 11 according to the output sequence so that a user need not type a URL nor select a bookmark whenever pages are switched. Therefore, the user can
10 concentrate on the explanation of the displayed information.

 For example, the browser unit 11 shown in Fig. 2A corresponds to a WWW browser 33, a display device 24, and a speaker 25 shown in Fig. 2B, which will be
15 described later. The control unit 12 shown in Fig. 2A corresponds to a slide show processing unit 31 shown in Fig. 2B.

 In the slide show system of the present embodiments, the following four functions are provided
20 for the presentation to be performed using a WWW browser:

 Function 1: instructing a display sequence of the URLs which are registered in a bookmark list, using a slide operation button (manual mode)

25 Function 2: automatically causing a browser to

display a plurality of pages in predetermined sequence and intervals using the URLs registered in a bookmark list (automatic mode)

Function 3: automatically generating background music (BGM) and a narration

Function 4: after downloading a web page to be displayed at a slide show, storing this page as a local file, and executing the above-mentioned Functions 1 and 2 using this local file

By being provided with the manual mode of Function 1, a user can perform a presentation manually switching pages like the performance of a slide show. Further, by being provided with the automatic mode of Function 2, a user can automatically switch pages without performing manual operations. Therefore, a user can concentrate on the explanation of displayed information.

Further, by being provided with Function 3, more effective presentation can be performed, and a narration can act as necessary explanation. Still further, by being provided with Function 4, a browser need not be connected to the Internet at that occasion so that a presentation can refrain from being interrupted by a connection failure.

Fig. 2B is a configuration diagram showing a slide

show system of the present embodiment. The slide show system shown in Fig. 2B is composed of a processing device 21, a data storage device 22, an input device 23, a display device 24, and a speaker 25. These devices are connected to each other via a bus 26.

The input device 23 corresponds to a pointing device such as a keyboard, a mouse or the like, or a touch panel and inputs instructions and data transmitted from a user to the programs executed by the processing device 21. The display device 24 corresponds to, for example, a CRT (cathode ray tube) display, and displays a screen of questions made from a program to the user, processing results, a web page, or the like.

The processing device 21 consists of a slide show processing unit 31, a network interface unit 32, and a WWW browser 33, and is connected to the Internet 27 via the network interface unit 32. An arbitrary method such as a dial-up connection to be performed via a public line, an exclusive line connection using an exclusive line or the like is used as a connection method.

Here, the slide show processing unit 31 and the data storage device 22 (parts encircled by a dotted line) of the processing device 21 mainly perform the

above-mentioned functions 1 to 4 of the slide show system. The slide show processing unit 31 includes an operation control parameter edition unit 41, a bookmark registration unit 42, a bookmark display control unit 43, an automatic calling unit 44, a web page display control unit 45, a BGM control unit 46, and a narration control unit 47. The data storage unit 22 stores an operation control parameter file 51, a bookmark data file 52, and a web page data file 53.

10 The slide show processing unit 31 corresponds to software components described by programs, and expands the function of the WWW browser 33 by being included as a function of the WWW browser 33, or being provided as in-line or plug-in software.

15 The operation control parameter file 51 stores various kinds of control parameters which are required for the operation of the slide show system. The bookmark data file 52 stores information such as the title of a page registered as a bookmark, the URL or the like. The web page data file 53 stores information of the pages which are downloaded from a WWW server, in order to use this information for the slide show.

20 The operation control parameter edition unit 41 sets various kinds of control parameters in the operation control parameter file 51, and also has a

function of changing these parameters. When a user instructs the registration of a bookmark, the bookmark registration unit 42 stores the information of the pages displayed by the WWW browser 33 in the bookmark data file 52. The bookmark display control unit 43 displays the thus-registered bookmark on a screen of the display device 24 according to the contents of the bookmark data file 52.

The automatic calling unit 44 automatically activates the web page display control unit 45, the BGM control unit 46, and the narration control unit 47, according to the contents of the operation control parameter file 51, and supplies necessary control parameters to these control units 45, 46, and 47.

The web page display control unit 45 reads the URL of a bookmark which is registered in the bookmark data file 52, according to the instructions of the automatic calling unit 44, and informs the thus-read URL to the WWW browser 33. The WWW browser 33 accesses the Internet 27 via the network interface unit 32 using the thus-informed URL or accesses the web page data file 53 using the thus-informed URL. Then, the web page display control unit 45 obtains information of the corresponding page and causes the display device 24 to display this information.

The BGM control unit 46 outputs predetermined BGM from the speaker 25 according to the instructions of the automatic calling unit 44. The narration control unit 47 outputs a predetermined narration from the speaker 25 according to the instructions of the automatic calling unit 44.

In this slide show system, an image display bookmark system (Japanese patent application No. 9-264478) which can be more easily handled, can be used other than a conventional bookmark system shown in Fig. 1. According to this image display bookmark system, the image of an actual web page is obtained, and data (an image icon) in which the image is made to be an icon, are registered as a bookmark. A user can easily access his or her desired page by clicking a bookmark which is displayed as an image icon.

Fig. 3 shows the display screen of a bookmark page using such an image icon system. This screen is displayed in such a way that a user performs an operation of displaying the edition screen of a bookmark from the WWW browser 33 or that a user performs an operation of easily displaying a bookmark using a pop-up window. This screen includes a folder display region 61 and an image display region 62.

In the folder display region 61, several folders

for storing a plurality of registered bookmarks are displayed, and generally a bookmark belonging to a single category is stored for each folder. In the image display region 62, a list of image icons 63 corresponding to the respective bookmarks in a folder which is selected by a user is displayed. Each of the image icons 63 is prepared by reducing the image of a web page corresponding to each bookmark.

According to this example, a folder such as "Default" is selected by a user, and five image icons 63 corresponding to the five bookmarks in this folder are displayed. The folder "Default" also includes two folders such as "search" and "personal computer shop" in addition to these five bookmarks.

By selecting these folders in the folder display region 61, a user can display the image icons 63 of bookmarks stored in these folders. By selecting an image icon 63 in the image display region 62, a page, the URL of which is registered in a corresponding bookmark, is automatically accessed to be displayed on a screen.

The slide show processing unit 31 shown in Fig. 2B can select a bookmark instead of a user and using the operation control parameter file 51, the bookmark data file 52, and the web page data file 53 which

correspond to a bookmark page, and further can inform the URL of the thus-selected bookmark to the WWW browser 33.

Fig. 4 shows an example of the slide show screen to be displayed by the slide show system shown in Fig. 2B. This screen includes a web page 71, slide operation buttons 72, 73, and 74, and a termination button 75 (END).

A series of display sequence numbers is supplied to bookmarks to be used for the slide show. When a user pushes a reverse transmission button 72 in a manual mode, a page corresponding to a display sequence number which immediately precedes the currently displayed page, is displayed. When a user pushes a next transmission button 74, a page corresponding to a display sequence number which immediately follows the currently displayed page, is displayed. Here, the display sequence number represents a sequence for displaying the results obtained by accessing a WWW server when a plurality of pages are to be displayed. A pushing process of the button on a screen means an operation of clicking the button using a mouse or the like.

The termination button 75 is used when terminating a slide show in the manual mode. The stop button 73

is used for temporarily stopping the switching of pages in an automatic mode.

Here, operation buttons 72, 73, 74, and 75 are displayed on a screen, and a user clicks these buttons. However, these input operations can be performed according to an arbitrary method instructed from an arbitrary input device. For example, these operation functions can correspond to specific keys on a keyboard.

10 In the operation control parameter file 51, data such as shown in Fig. 5 are stored. In Fig. 5, AUTO corresponds to a flag indicating whether or not a display is performed in an automatic mode. When AUTO=Yes, an automatic mode is activated. When
15 AUTO=No, a manual mode is activated.

MAXNUM is a parameter indicating the maximum value of a series of display sequence numbers. WAIT(i) is a parameter indicating a display time period of the page corresponding to a display sequence number i (i=1, 2, ..., MAXNUM). This display time period corresponds to a time interval between the display of a current page and that of the next page. Here, these parameters are set as follows: MAXNUM=20, and
20 WAIT(i)=60 (seconds)

25 BGM(i) corresponds to a flag indicating whether or

not BGM is played when a page corresponding to the display sequence number i is displayed. When $BGM(i)=\text{Yes}$, BGM is played. When $BGM(i)=\text{No}$, BGM is not played. $BGM_FILE(i)$ is a parameter indicating a file name of a file which stores the sound data of BGM to be played when a page corresponding to the display sequence number i is displayed. Here, this parameter is set to $BGM_FILE(i)=\text{song.avi}$.

$NARRATION(i)$ corresponds to a flag indicating whether or not a narration is played back when a page corresponding to the display sequence number i is displayed. When $NARRATION(i)=\text{Yes}$, a narration is played back. When $NARRATION(i)=\text{No}$, a narration is not played back. $NARRATION_FILE(i)$ is a parameter indicating the file name of a file which stores the sound data of a narration to be played back when a page corresponding to the display sequence number i is displayed. Here, this parameter is set to $NARRATION_FILE(i)=\text{nal.avi}$.

As $WAIT(i)$, $BGM(i)$, $BGM_FILE(i)$, $NARRATION(i)$, and $NARRATION_FILE(i)$, different data can be set for each display sequence number i . The files of BGM and a narration are stored in, for example, the data storage device 22 shown in Fig. 2B.

Further, for example, data as shown in Fig. 6 are

stored in the bookmark data file 52. In Fig. 6, each set of bookmark data is composed of items such as "title", "URL", "image file name", "comment", "coordinate value", and "display sequence number".

5 In a column "title", the title data of a web page corresponding to each set of bookmark data are stored. In a column "URL", a URL of the web page is stored. A URL is generally described using a character string "http:" indicating an access destination on the Internet. When the access destination is data stored
10 in the web page data file 53, the URL is described using the character string "file:" indicating a local file.

15 In a column "image file name", the file name of an image icon 63 shown in Fig. 3 is automatically named in order to be unique in a system, and the thus-named file name is stored. A "comment" column is used for a user to write a suitable comment. In a "coordinate value" column, the coordinate value of a position
20 indicating the image icon 63 on a screen shown in Fig. 3 is stored. In a "display sequence number", a display sequence number specified by a user or a system is stored. The user can change this display sequence number via the bookmark display control unit 43.

25 Thus, the bookmark data file 52 stores a

correspondence relationship between the URL of a web page of each bookmark and a display sequence number. Therefore, the URL of a web page corresponding to the current display sequence number can be obtained by referring to the bookmark data file 52.

Next, display operations performed by the slide show system shown in Fig. 2B will be explained with reference to Fig. 7 to Fig. 11.

Fig. 7 is a flowchart showing the display control processing performed by the slide show processing unit 31. First, the automatic calling unit 44 reads the operation control parameter file 51 from the data storage device 22 (step S1), and checks the value of a flag AUTO (step S2). When AUTO=Yes, an automatic mode is activated, and automatic processing is performed (step S3). The details of this automatic processing will be explained later.

When AUTO=No, a manual mode is activated, and 0 is set to the control variable i indicating a display sequence number (step S4). Then, it is determined which button shown in Fig. 4 a user has pushed (step S5). When the user pushed the reverse transmission button 72, -1 is set to the variable Index indicating a difference of the display sequence number (step S6). When the user pushed the next transmission button 74,

1 is set to the variable Index (step S7). A value obtained adding the Index to the display sequence number is re-set as i , and the value of i is checked (step S9).

5 When $i \leq 0$, no display sequence numbers are present. Accordingly, it is set that $i=0$ (step S10), and processes in and after step S5 are repeated. When $i > \text{MAXNUM}$, no display sequence numbers corresponding to this value are present. Accordingly, it is set that
10 $i = \text{MAXNUM}$ (step S11), and processes in and after step S5 are repeated.

 In the case of $0 < i \leq \text{MAXNUM}$, the value of a flag BGM(i) corresponding to the regeneration number i is checked (step S12). When BGM(i)=Yes, the BGM control
15 unit 46 is activated, and the file name which is set in a BGM_FILE(i) is supplied to the unit 46.

 The BGM control unit 46 reads a BGM file corresponding to the thus-received file name (step S13), plays the sound data (step S14), and returns the
20 control to the automatic calling unit 44. Then, the automatic calling unit 44 repeats processes in and after step S15. When BGM(i)=No, processes in after step S15 are performed without activating the BGM control unit 46.

25 In step S15, the automatic calling unit 44 checks

the value of a flag NARRATION(i) corresponding to the display sequence number i. When NARRATION(i) =Yes, the narration control unit 47 is activated, and the file name which is set in a NARRATION_FILE(i) is supplied to the unit 47.

The narration control unit 47 reads a narration file corresponding to the thus-received file name (step S16), played back the sound data (step S17), and returns the control to the automatic calling unit 44. Then, the automatic calling unit 44 repeats processes in and after step S18. When NARRATION(i)=No, processes in after step S18 are performed without activating the narration control unit 47.

In step S18, the automatic calling unit 44 activates the web page display control unit 45, and instructs this unit 45 to display a web page corresponding to the display sequence number i. The web page display control unit 45 reads the URL of a bookmark of the display sequence number i from the bookmark data file 52 (step S18), informs this URL to the WWW browser 33 (step S19), and returns the control to the automatic calling unit 44.

Then, the automatic calling unit 44 repeats processes in and after step S5. When a user pushes the termination button 75, processing in a manual mode is

terminated.

In step S19 shown in Fig. 7, the WWW browser 33 to which a URL is informed performs display processing as shown in Fig. 8. The WWW browser 33 receives the
5 URL from the web page display control unit 45 (step S21), and accesses a WWW server or a local file stored in the web data file 53 which stores the web page (step S22).

Here, in the case where the URL starts with
10 "http:", a WWW server provided on the Internet 27 is accessed. In the case where the URL starts with "file:" the web page data file 53 is accessed. When information of the web page is obtained, this information is displayed on a screen of the display
15 device 24 (step S23), and processing is terminated.

When the web page display control unit 45 informs the URL to the WWW browser 33, a function of communicating between applications such as a DDE (dynamic data exchange) can be used.

20 The DDE is a kind of communication between processes, and exchanges data between applications using a shared memory. The application software provided on a transmission side can use the DDE for the real-time data exchange in the case where data are
25 transferred only once or where the contents of

updating processing are transmitted to the application software provided on a reception side when new data are available. Further, the DDE is automatically performed between applications without involving a user.

In step S3 shown in Fig. 7, the automatic calling unit 44 performs automatic processing as shown in Fig. 9. First, the automatic calling unit 44 sets a control variable i indicating a display sequence number to 0, and sets a variable Index indicating a difference of the display sequence number to 1 (step S31). Next, a value obtained by adding Index to the display sequence number i is re-set as i (step S32), and the processes in and after S33 are performed.

Here, the processes to be performed in steps S33 to S40 are the same as those performed in steps S12 to S19 shown in Fig. 7. The processing to be performed by the WWW browser 33 to which a URL is informed in step S40 is the same as that shown in Fig. 8.

Next, the automatic calling unit 44 checks a value of the display sequence number i (step S41). When $i < \text{MAXNUM}$, the automatic calling unit 44 waits for a time period which is set in $\text{WAIT}(i)$ (step S42), and repeats the processes in and after step S32. When i reaches MAXNUM, no display sequence numbers greater

than i are present, and accordingly the automatic processing is terminated.

When a user pushes the stop button 73 while the automatic processing is being operated, which is not specifically shown in Fig. 9, the automatic calling unit 44 can temporarily stop the display operation of the next page without regard to a time period which is set in the `WAIT(i)`. In this case, the next transmission button 74, for example, is used for re-starting the display operations. When a user pushes the termination button 75, the automatic calling unit 44 can terminate the automatic processing. Thus, according to the display control processing in an automatic mode, a display sequence number is automatically incremented without a user pushing the operation buttons 72 and 74 so that a slide show is performed. Further, different BGM and different narrations can be played back for each web page to be displayed so that various kinds of slide shows can be performed.

In the above-mentioned embodiments, a different display interval, a different BGM file, and a different narration file are used for each display sequence number. When automatic processings are to be more easily performed, the same display interval, the

same BGM file, and the same narration file can be used.

Fig. 10 shows the data of the operation control parameter file 51 to be used for this automatic processing. In Fig. 10, the flag AUTO and the parameter MAXNUM is the same as the operation control parameter file 51 shown in Fig. 5.

A parameter WAIT indicates the display time period of a page which is common to all the display sequence numbers in an automatic mode. A flag BGM indicates whether or not BGM which is common to all the display sequence numbers is played. A parameter BGM_FILE indicates the file name of a file which stores sound data of the BGM. A flag NARRATION indicates whether or not a narration which is common to all the display sequence numbers is played back. A parameter NARRATION FILE indicates the file name of a file which stores sound data of the narration.

When the operation control parameter file 51 shown in Fig. 10 is used, the automatic calling unit 44 performs automatic processing as shown in Fig. 11, in step S3 of Fig. 7. First, the automatic calling unit 44 sets a control variable i to 0 which indicates a display sequence number, sets a variable Index to 1 which indicates a difference of the display sequence

number (step S51), and checks a value of the flag BGM (step S52). If BGM=Yes, the BGM control unit 46 is activated, and a file name which is set in BGM_FILE is supplied to the BGM control unit 46.

5 The BGM control unit 46 reads a BGM file corresponding to the thus-received file name (step S53), plays the sound data (step S54), and returns the control to the automatic calling unit 44. Then, the automatic calling unit 44 performs the processes in
10 and after step S55. When BGM=No, processes in and after step S55 are performed without activating the BGM control unit 46.

 In step S55, the automatic calling unit 44 checks the value of a flag NARRATION. When NARRATION=Yes, the
15 narration control unit 47 is activated, and a file name which is set in the NARRATION_FILE is supplied to the narration control unit 47.

 The narration control unit 47 reads a narration file corresponding to the thus-received file name
20 (step S56), plays back the sound data (step S57), and returns the control to the automatic calling unit 44. Then, the automatic calling unit 44 performs the processes in and after step S58. When NARRATION=No, processes in after step S58 are performed without
25 activating the narration control unit 47.

In step S58, the automatic calling unit 44 re-sets a value which is obtained by adding the Index to the display sequence number i , as i , and performs processes in and after step S59. Here, the processes to be performed in steps S59, S60, and S61 are the same as those performed in steps S39, S40, and S41 shown in Fig. 9. A processing to be performed by the WWW browser 33 to which the URL is informed in step S60 is the same as that shown in Fig. 8.

When $i < \text{MAXMUM}$ in step S61, the automatic calling unit 44 waits for a time period which is set in WAIT (step S62), and repeats the processes in and after step S58. In step S61, when i reaches MAXMUM, no sequence numbers greater than i are present, and accordingly the automatic processing is terminated.

According to this display control processing, the BGM and the narration are played back without being switched while the slide show is being performed, and only information of web pages is switched. Therefore, it is not necessary to provide a BGM file and a narration file for each web page to be displayed.

The slide show system shown in Fig. 2B can be configured using an information processing device (computer) as shown in Fig. 12. The information processing device shown in Fig. 12 includes a CPU

(central processing unit) 81, a memory 82, an input device 83, an output device 84, an external storage device 85, a medium driving device 86, and a network connection device 87. These devices are connected to each other via a bus 88.

The memory 82 includes, for example, a ROM (read only memory), a RAM (random access memory) and the like, and stores programs and data to be used for processings. The CPU 81 performs required processings by executing the programs using the memory 82.

The slide show processing unit 31, the operation control parameter edition unit 41, the bookmark registration unit 42, the bookmark display control unit 43, the automatic calling unit 44, the web page display control unit 45, the BGM control unit 46, and the narration control unit 47 shown in Fig. 2B, and the like correspond to software components which are described by a program, and each of these software components is stored in a specific program code segment in the memory 82.

The input device 83 corresponds to the input device 23 shown in Fig. 2B, and is used for the input of the instructions or the information transmitted from a user. The output device 84 includes the display device 24 and the speaker 25 shown in Fig. 2B, and is

used for the output of the question to a user, the information of a web page, BGM, a narration or the like.

5 The external storage device 85 is, for example, a magnetic disk device, an optical disk device, a magneto-optical disk device or the like. The above-mentioned programs and data are stored in the external storage device 85, and if necessary, these items can be loaded to the memory 82 to be used. The external
10 storage device 85 can be used as the data storage device 22 shown in Fig. 2B.

 The medium driving device 86 drives a portable storage medium 89, and accesses the storage contents. As the portable storage medium 89, an arbitrary
15 computer-readable storage medium such as a memory card, a floppy disk, a CD-ROM (compact disk read only memory), an optical disk, a magneto-optical disk or the like is used. The above-mentioned programs and data are stored in the portable storage medium 89, and
20 the thus stored items can be loaded to the memory 82 to be used, if necessary.

 The network connection device 87 is controlled by the network interface unit 32 shown in Fig. 2B, is connected to the Internet 27 shown in Fig. 2B via an
25 arbitrary network such as a LAN (local area network)

or the like, and performs a data conversion to be required for communications. Further, the above-mentioned programs and data may be received from an external device so that these received items are loaded to the memory 82 to be used, if necessary.

Fig. 13 shows computer readable storage media which can supply programs and data to the information processing device shown in Fig. 12. Programs and data which are stored in the portable storage medium 89 or an external database 90 are loaded to the memory 82. Then, the CPU 81 executes the programs using these data and performs the required processings.

According to the present invention, information of one or more web pages can be easily and effectively displayed when a presentation or a conference takes place, using a WWW browser which refers to the information of the WWW.

In a manual mode, for example, a slide operation button is provided so that web pages can be sequentially accessed using existing bookmarks. Therefore, a user can smoothly progress a presentation without typing a URL.

Further, in an automatic mode, a plurality of web pages can be automatically displayed according to a predetermined sequence and a display time period.

What is Claimed is:

1. A slide show system comprising:

5 browser means for obtaining information using
address information defined on an information network,
and for outputting the thus-obtained information; and
control means for informing the address
10 information to the browser means according to a
predetermined output sequence, and for instructing
output of information corresponding to the thus-
informed address information.

2. The slide show system according to claim 1,
further comprising:

15 storage means for storing a correspondence
relationship between at least one piece of address
information and a sequence number representing the
output sequence, wherein

20 the control means refers to the correspondence
relationship and determines address information to be
informed to the browser means.

3. The slide show system according to claim 2,
further comprising:

25 operation means for allowing a user to specify

information to be outputted next, wherein

the control means informs address information corresponding to the thus-specified information by the operation means to the browser means.

5

4. The slide show system according to claim 3, wherein the operation means specifies one of information pieces before and after information currently being outputted as the information to be outputted next.

10

5. The slide show system according to claim 2, wherein the control means informs the at least one piece of address information to the browser means according to the output sequence.

15

6. The slide show system according to claim 5, wherein the control means informs the at least one piece of address information to the browser means at prescribed time intervals.

20

7. The slide show system according to claim 6 wherein the control means changes the time intervals according to the sequence number.

25

8. The slide show system according to claim 1, further comprising:

5 sound output means for outputting sound information including at least one of music and a narration, wherein

 the control means instructs the sound output means to output the sound information.

10 9. The slide show system according to claim 8, wherein the control means determines sound information to be outputted according to the sequence number of address information representing the output sequence.

15 10. The slide show system according to claim 1, wherein the browser means obtains information via a communication network using address information informed by the control means.

20 11. The slide show system according to claim 1, further comprising:

 storage means for storing information to be outputted corresponding to address information, wherein

25 the browser means obtains information which is stored in the storage means using address information

informed by the control means.

12. A computer-readable storage medium which stores a program for causing a computer to execute the steps of:

referring to a correspondence relationship between at least one piece of address information defined on an information network and a sequence number of a predetermined output sequence; and

10 informing address information corresponding to a current sequence number to a browser, and instructing output of information corresponding to the thus-informed address information.

13. A computer-readable storage medium which stores a program for causing a computer to execute the steps of:

referring to a correspondence relationship between at least one piece of address information defined on an information network and a sequence number of a predetermined output sequence;

20 obtaining information using address information corresponding to a current sequence number; and

outputting the thus-obtained information.

14. A slide show method comprising the steps of:

preparing a correspondence relationship between at least one piece of address information defined on an information network and a sequence number of a predetermined output sequence;

5

obtaining address information corresponding to a current sequence number with reference to the correspondence relationship;

10

obtaining information using the address information corresponding to the current sequence number; and

presenting the thus-obtained information.

Abstract of the Disclosure

When a presentation is performed using a web browser, in a manual mode, the display sequence of web pages registered in a bookmark list is specified using an operation button, and in an automatic mode, a plurality of pages registered in a bookmark list are automatically displayed in a predetermined sequence. Further, background music and a narration are also automatically played back.

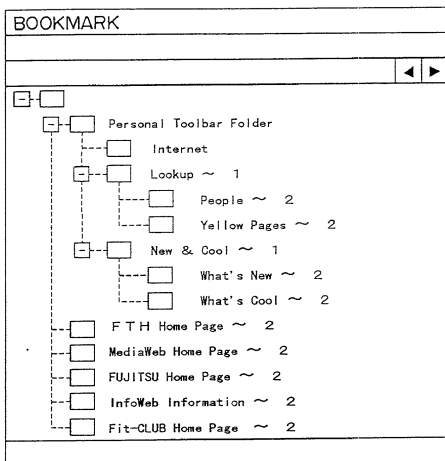


FIG. 1

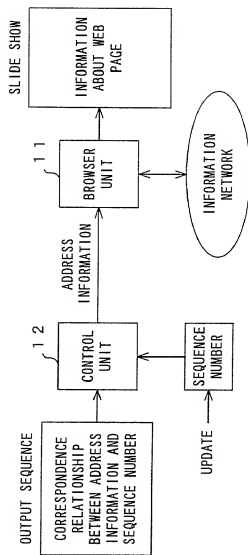


FIG. 2A

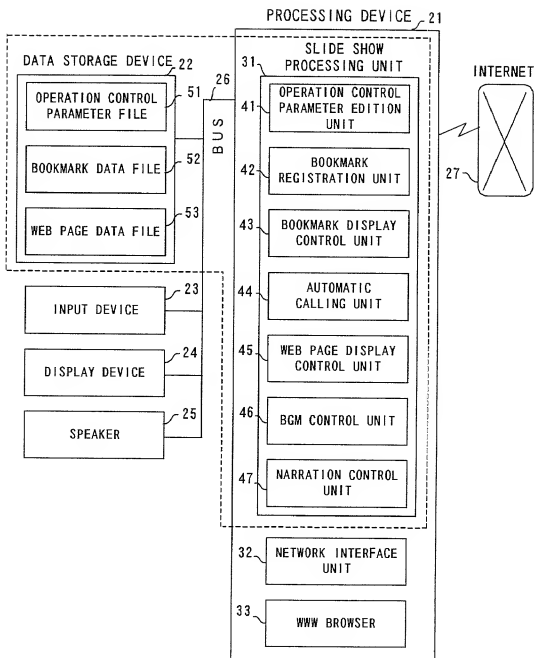


FIG. 2 B

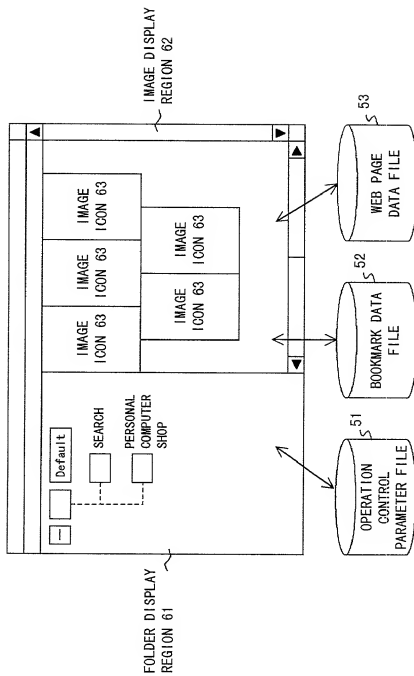


FIG. 3

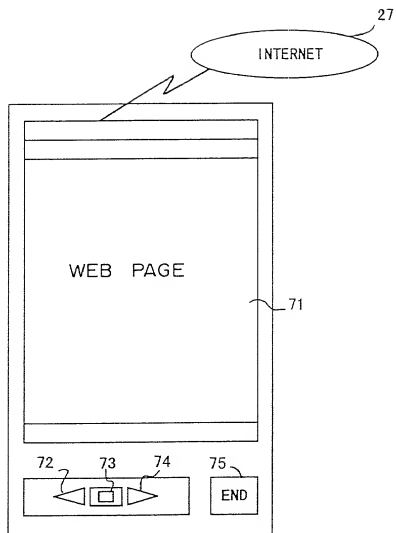


FIG. 4

| FLAG NAME=FLAG | MEANING |
|---------------------------|--|
| AUTO=Yes | AUTOMATIC DISPLAY IS PERFORMED? Yes OR No |
| MAXNUM=20 | MAXIMUM VALUE OF DISPLAY SEQUENCE NUMBER |
| WAIT(i)=60 | IN CASE OF AUTOMATIC DISPLAY, INTERVAL BETWEEN DISPLAYS (SECONDS) (i=1..MAXNUM) |
| BGM(i)=Yes | BGM IS PLAYED? Yes OR No (i=1..MAXNUM) |
| BGM_FILE(i)=song.avi | FILE OF BGM (i=1..MAXNUM) |
| NARRATION(i)=Yes | NARRATION IS PLAYED BACK? Yes OR No (i=1..MAXNUM) |
| NARRATION_FILE(i)=nal.avi | FILE OF NARRATION (i=1..MAXNUM) |

FIG. 5

| TITLE | URL | IMAGE FILE NAME | COMMENT | COORDINATE VALUE | DISPLAY SEQUENCE NUMBER |
|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| xxx HOME Page | http://www.xxx.co.jp | xxx1.bmp | hogehoge... | 10, 10 | 1 |
| yyy HOME Page | http://www.yyy.co.jp | xxx3.bmp | hogehoge... | 40, 10 | 3 |
| zzz HOME Page | file:///D:/cache/file1.html | xxx4.bmp | hogehoge... | 80, 10 | 5 |
| : | : | : | : | : | : |

FIG. 6

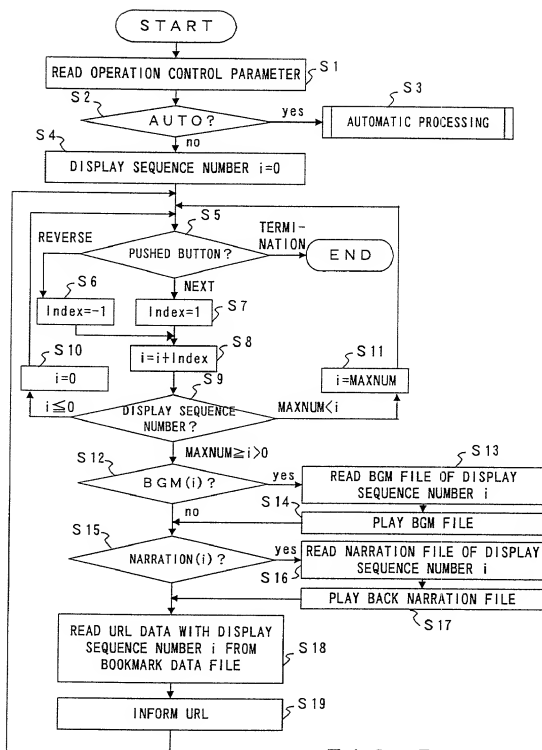


FIG. 7

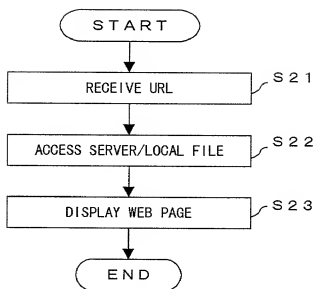


FIG. 8

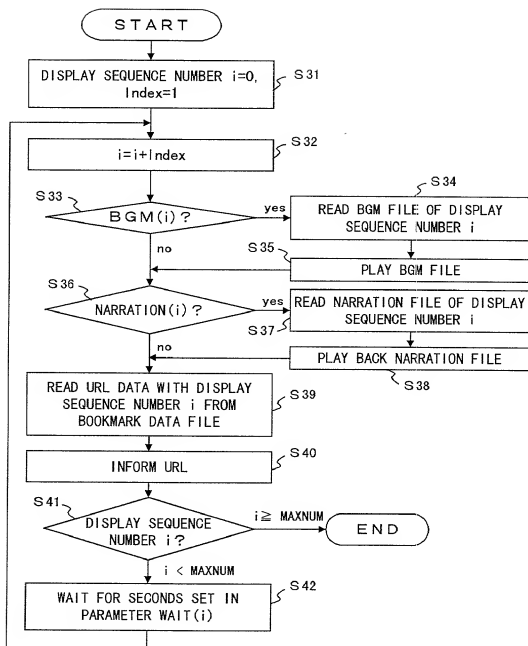


FIG. 9

| FLAG NAME=FLAG | MEANING |
|------------------------|--|
| AUTO=Yes | AUTOMATIC DISPLAY IS PERFORMED? Yes OR No |
| MAXNUM=20 | MAXIMUM VALUE OF DISPLAY SEQUENCE NUMBER |
| WAIT=60 | IN CASE OF AUTOMATIC DISPLAY, INTERVAL BETWEEN DISPLAYS(SECONDS) |
| BGM=Yes | BGM IS PLAYED? Yes OR No |
| BGM_FILE=song.avi | FILE OF BGM |
| NARRATION=Yes | NARRATION IS PLAY BACK? Yes OR No |
| NARRATION_FILE=nal.avi | FILE OF NARRATION |

FIG. 10

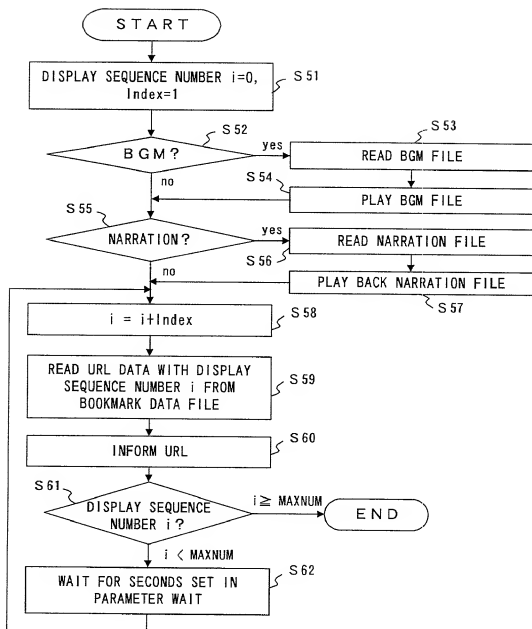


FIG. 11

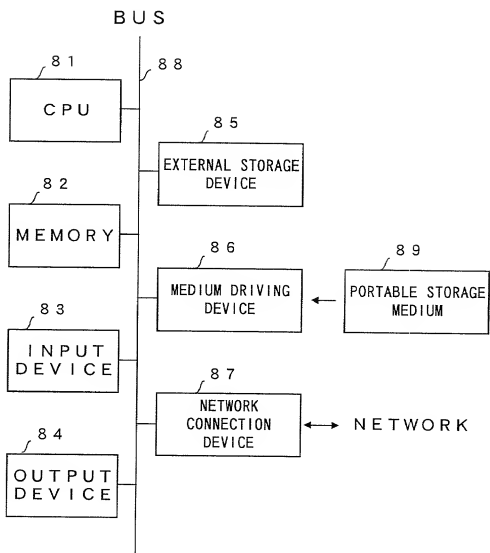


FIG. 12

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

特許出願宣言書及び委任状

Japanese Language Declaration

日本語宣言書

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As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

私の住所、私書箱、国籍は下記の私の氏名の後に記載された通りです。

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.

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I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

SLIDE SHOW SYSTEM AND METHOD
USING A BROWSER

上記発明の明細書（下記の欄でx印がついていない場合は、本書に添付）は、

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

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I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

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Prior Foreign Application(s)

外国での先行出願

10-213799

(Number)
(番号)

Japan

(Country)
(国名)

29th/July/1998

(Day/Month/Year Filed)
(出願年月日)

Priority Not Claimed

優先権主張なし

☐

(Number)
(番号)

(Country)
(国名)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)
(出願年月日)

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(Application No.)
(出願番号)

(Filing Date)
(出願日)

(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned)
(現況: 特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)

(Application No.)
(出願番号)

(Filing Date)
(出願日)

(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned)
(現況: 特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)

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I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s), or 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of application.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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